POLICY ON MATERIALITY OF AND DEALING WITH RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

TITLE:

This Policy shall be called 'Policy on materiality of Related Party Transactions and dealing with Related Party Transactions'.

COMMENCEMENT:

The Policy shall come into effect from 1st January, 2015.

OBJECTIVE:

Related Party Transactions have been one of the major areas of focus for the corporate governance reforms being initiated by Indian legislature.

The changes introduced in the Corporate Governance norms through the Companies Act, 2013 and the revised clause 49 of the listing agreement require the companies to have enhanced transparency and due process for approval of the Related Party Transactions.

One such requirement is that the companies are required to formulate a policy on materiality of Related Party Transactions and also on dealing with Related Party Transactions.

DEFINITIONS:

"Arm's length transaction" means a transaction between two Related Parties that is conducted as if they were unrelated, so that there is no conflict of interest.

"Audit Committee" means the audit committee constituted by the Board of Directors of the Company in accordance with applicable law, including the listing agreement and the Companies Act, 2013.

"Board" means the Board of Directors of RISHIROOP Limited.

"Company" means RISHIROOP Limited.

"Key Managerial Personnel" means key managerial personnel as defined under the Companies Act, 2013 and includes

(i) Managing Director, or Chief Executive Officer or manager and in their absence, a whole-time director;

(ii) Company Secretary; and

(iii) Chief Financial Officer

"Material Related Party Transaction" means a transaction with a Related Party where the transaction/transactions to be entered into individually or taken together with previous transactions with a Related Party during a financial year, exceeds ten percent of the consolidated annual turnover of the Company as per the last audited financial statements of the Company.

"Policy" means this Policy, as amended from time to time.



"Related Party" in relation to the Company means a party related with the Company in any of the ways as are laid down in section 2(76) of the Companies Act, 2013 and clause 49 of the listing agreement as amended from time to time.

"Related Party Transaction" in relation to the Company means a transaction with a Related Party under the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 or the listing agreement or any other related law, regulation, standard etc.

APPROVAL OF RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS:

Every Related Party Transaction entered into with effect from 1st January, 2015 shall be subject to approval of the Audit Committee. The approval of the Audit Committee can be granted by way of a circular resolution. However, the Audit Committee may grant omnibus approval for Related Party Transactions proposed to be entered into by the company subject to the following conditions:

a) The Audit Committee shall lay down the criteria for granting the omnibus approval in line with the policy on Related Party Transactions of the Company and such approval shall be applicable in respect of transactions which are repetitive in nature.

b) The Audit Committee shall satisfy itself the need for such omnibus approval and that such approval is in the interest of the Company;

c) Such omnibus approval shall specify (i) the name/s of the related party, nature of transaction, period of transaction, maximum amount of transaction that can be entered into, (ii) the indicative base price / current contracted price and the formula for variation in the price if any and (iii) such other conditions as the Audit Committee may deem fit;

Provided that where the need for Related Party Transaction cannot be foreseen and aforesaid details are not available, Audit Committee may grant omnibus approval for such transactions subject to their value not exceeding Rs.1 crore per transaction.

Such omnibus approvals shall be valid for a period not exceeding one year and shall require fresh approvals after the expiry of one year.

The Board shall approve such Related Party Transactions as are required to be approved under Companies Act, 2013 and/or listing agreement and/or transactions referred to it by the Audit Committee.

Where any director is interested in any Related Party Transaction, such director will abstain from discussion and voting on the subject matter of the resolution relating to such Transaction.

Further, all Material Related Party Transactions shall require approval of shareholders of the Company through special resolution (unless it is exempted pursuant to the provisions of listing agreement) and the Related Parties shall abstain from voting on such resolution(s).

All Related Party Transactions (other than Material Related Party Transactions) pursuant to section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 which are not in the ordinary course of 2015_COP_Related Party Policy... 2 of 3 Rishiroop Ltd.

business or not an Arms' length transaction and cross the threshold limits prescribed under Companies Act, 2013 shall also require the approval of shareholders of the Company through special resolution and the Related Parties shall abstain from voting on such resolution(s).

The approval mechanism for Related Party Transactions shall be as stipulated in the provisions of listing agreement and/or Companies Act, 2013 and as amended from time to time.

AMENDMENTS:

The Board shall have the power to amend any of the provisions of this Policy, substitute any of the provisions with a new provision or replace this Policy entirely with a new Policy.

INTERPRETATION:

a) Any words used in this policy but not defined herein shall have the same meaning ascribed to it in the Companies Act, 2013 or Rules made thereunder, SEBI Act or Rules and Regulations made thereunder, Listing Agreement, Accounting Standards or any other relevant legislation / law applicable to the Company.

b) In case of any dispute or difference upon the meaning/interpretation of any word or provision in this Policy, the same shall be referred to the Audit Committee and the decision of the Audit Committee in such a case shall be final. In interpreting such term / provision, the Audit Committee may seek the help of any of the officers of the Company or an outside expert as it deems fit.